THE BLACK BEAR hunting season consists of two separate segments, A and B. Segment A is October 8–13, 2018. The season bag limit is one bear per permit, but only one bear may be taken per segment, regardless of the number of permits the hunter holds. In total, a hunter with valid permits may harvest up to two bears, one in each segment.

Black Bear Hunting Permits
A total of 11,000 black bear hunting permits, allocated by bear management zone, will be available to properly licensed hunters and farmer hunters. These permits are valid for the entire black bear hunting season, including Segment A in October and Segment B in December. A hunter may not possess more than two unfilled permits at any time during the entire season; these permits must be for different zones.

If no bear is taken during Segment A, the permit(s) is still valid for hunting in Segment B. If a hunter harvests a bear during Segment A, that permit is no longer valid, though the hunter may purchase a replacement permit for that same zone to use during Segment B, if available when permit sales re-open on Nov. 1. Hunters who purchase only one permit prior to the end of Segment A, and do not harvest a bear during Segment A, may continue to use that permit during Segment B, plus may purchase a second permit after Nov. 1 for a different zone.

Hunters who purchase two permits prior to the end of Segment A and do not fill either permit during Segment A may NOT purchase a third permit when permit sales reopen in November.

Permit sales are broken into two periods: 10 a.m. on Sept. 10–Oct. 13 and again beginning at 10 a.m. on Nov. 1 until the end of the season or until permit quotas are reached. Hunters are strongly urged to purchase permits during the early sales period. Permits can be purchased at licenses agents or online.

For permit application process, changes, status check and to claim your permit, see details on page 11.

### 2018 Black Bear Hunting Permit Quota

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Black Bear Management Zone</th>
<th># of Permits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Following commencement of the black bear season, the Fish and Wildlife Director may announce closure of the entire season or extension of Segment B of the season based upon data obtained and reviewed by Fish and Wildlife. A season closure, if announced, will become effective 24 hours from the daily legal closing time of the day on which the decision is made. The dates of a Segment B

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**Don’t Wait to Buy Bear Permits!**

The lottery for bear permits has been eliminated. All hunters (especially hunters who plan to hunt only in Segment B) are strongly encouraged to purchase their permit(s) during the September—October sales period rather than wait until permit sales re-open on November 1 since bear permits may sell out in some zones before the Segment A hunting period ends.

---

**Essential Black Bear Bowhunting Strategies**

Improve your black bear hunting success while showing respect for the wild game you pursue. Be prepared to make a quick, clean harvest.

- Hunters **must** ONLY take high-percentage shots.
- Keep all shots **within 20 yards**.
- Shoot **only** when a bear is standing on all fours, broadside or slightly quartering away.
- The front leg **must be extended forward** to create access to the vital area.
- Black bear’s long hair and thick belly fat make it more difficult than with a deer to determine the location of the vital zone.

See Black Bear Hunting Tips — Including Bowhunter Info! on page 53. Other important black bear hunting FAQs are answered on our website at NJFishandWildlife.com/bearseason_faq.htm.

---

**Remember these shot placement images and make wise decisions for a successful harvest!**
Bear Hunting

REGULATIONS

Note:

See callout box on page 12 to change your lottery application or to check your permit application status online!

• Only one muzzleloader rifle may be in possession while bear hunting.
• All firearms must be cased and unloaded while being transported in vehicles.
• It is illegal to take or attempt to take a bear in a den structure.

Black Bear Hunting on State Lands

• Baiting is prohibited within 450 feet of campsites and picnic areas in all state parks and forests to coincide with the bear management policy for these areas. Learn these locations BEFORE you hunt.
• Hunting is prohibited in the Cedar Swamp Natural Area at High Point State Park due to sensitive wetland habitat that could be impacted by going off trail in this area.
• ATV use is prohibited in state parks, forests and wildlife management areas. However, hunters might be permitted to use ATVs to retrieve a bear but only with approval from, and on a pathway approved by, the park superintendent or designee (for state parks and forests) or from Fish and Wildlife’s regional Law Enforcement office (for assistance on wildlife management areas).

2017 Black Bear Harvest by Zone and County

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Hunting Segment A</th>
<th>Hunting Segment B</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sussex</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>226</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warren</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morris</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passaic</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunterdon</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bergen</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>244</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>409</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No bears were harvested in the portions of Mercer and Somerset counties open to bear hunting in 2017.

Firearms, Bows and Ammunition Legal for Bear Hunting

Shotgun (Segment B only): Not smaller than 20 gauge nor larger than 10 gauge with rifled slugs and capable of holding not more than three rounds. Lead, lead alloy or copper rifled slug or sabot slug. Buckshot is prohibited.

Muzzleloader Rifle (only during the last three days of Segment A plus all of Segment B): must be single-barrel, single shot rifles not less than .44 caliber. Flintlock, percussion and in-line ignitions are allowed. Double barrel muzzleloaders prohibited. Persons hunting with a muzzleloader rifle must also possess a current and valid rifle hunting permit.

Archery Equipment: (Segment A only) Bows used for bear hunting (long, recurve, compound or crossbow) must have a minimum draw pull weight of 35 pounds at the archers draw length (long and recurve bow) or peak weight (compound bow), or 75 pounds minimum draw weight for a crossbow. Arrows must be fitted with a well-sharpened metal broadhead with a minimum width of 3/4 inch.

Additional Black Bear Hunting Regulations

• Firearm black bear hunters must wear a hat of solid fluorescent orange or an outer garment containing at least 200 square inches of fluorescent orange material visible from all sides at all times while bear hunting and all bear hunters must follow the fluorescent orange requirements pertaining to hunting from a ground blind as specified under Hunter Orange, page 27. During the last three days of Segment A, bowhunters in treestands should consider wearing hunter orange.
• It shall be illegal to use dogs to pursue or run black bears.
• No person shall attempt to take or kill a black bear or have in their possession or control any firearm, bow or other weapon of any kind, while elevated in a standing tree or in a structure of any kind within 300 feet of a baited area. On national wildlife refuges and at the Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area, the distribution of bait and/or hunting over bait is prohibited. Hunters should also check with the landowner or administrative agency before placing bait on any hunting area.
• Allowable hunting methods: stand hunting, still-hunting or drive hunting.
• Hunters using or possessing any shotgun slug in the field during the bear seasons must have a shotgun with adjustable open iron or peep sights or a scope affixed to the shotgun.
• Telescopic sights of any magnification (scope power) are permitted for bear hunting on all firearms (including muzzleloading rifles) and also on crossbows.
• Shotgun shells containing single spherical projectiles referred to as pumpkin balls are prohibited.
• While bear hunting with a shotgun, it is illegal to have in possession any ammunition not authorized for bear hunting.

Apprentice License holders are not eligible to hunt black bear. The skills necessary to hunt black bear are not commensurate with an introductory hunting experience as the apprentice license program is intended to provide.

Bag Limit: One bear of either sex and any age may be harvested per permit, but only one bear may be harvested per segment, regardless of the number of permits the hunter holds. A total of two bears may be harvested per hunter—one bear in segment A and one bear in segment B, with valid permits. It is unlawful to take or attempt to take or continue to hunt for more than the number of black bear permitted.

Special permit requirement: All black bear hunters must have a current and valid archery or firearm or all-around sportsman hunting license and a special Black Bear Hunting Permit issued by Fish and Wildlife. See Black Bear Management Zones page 52; see also Black Bear Hunting Permits, page 50.

Youth Bear Hunters: Youth hunters with a valid hunting license must also possess a black bear hunting permit. Youth hunters aged 10 through 13 on or before October 7, 2018 must be under the direct supervision of a properly licensed adult (21 years of age or older) while bear hunting. The adult must also possess a black bear hunting permit. Direct supervision means the youth hunter and the supervising adult are together at the same location. The youth hunter may not hunt independently of the adult.

Hunting Hours: Legal hunting hours for black bears shall be ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset.

2018 Black Bear Hunting Dates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hunting Segment</th>
<th>Legal Sporting Arms</th>
<th>Dates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Archery</td>
<td>Mon. Oct. 8–Sat. Oct. 13, 2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Archery/Muzzleloader</td>
<td>Thurs. Oct. 11–Sat. Oct. 13, 2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Shotgun/Muzzleloader</td>
<td>Mon. Dec. 3–Sat. Dec. 8, 2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B Extension</td>
<td>Shotgun/Muzzleloader</td>
<td>Wed. Dec. 12–Sat. Dec. 15, 2018</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2017 Black Bear Harvest by Zone and County

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No bears were harvested in the portions of Mercer and Somerset counties open to bear hunting in 2017.
Black Bear Management Zones

Map for general reference only.

For a complete description of the Black Bear Management Zones, scan this QR code or see Fish and Wildlife’s bear management zone webpage at NJFishandWildlife.com/bearzonemap.htm.

After Harvesting a Bear— Mandatory Bear Check Requirement

Properly licensed hunters who harvest a black bear shall immediately complete and affix to the bear the ‘Black Bear Transportation Tag’ from their Black Bear Hunting Permit. Information included on the black bear transportation tag shall include: the hunter’s name, address, Conservation ID number; date and time of kill; nearest road, county and municipality of kill; and the sex of the black bear.

When field dressing a black bear, leave the sex organs intact and attached to the body. A harvested black bear may be quartered and brought out of the field in sections, provided all parts are brought to the check station at the same time.

Successful hunters must take the black bear to a designated check station on the day of the kill by 9 p.m. during Segment A or by 7 p.m. during Segment B. Hunters shall surrender the black bear transportation tag and will be issued a legal possession seal.

Any legally killed black bear recovered too late to be brought to a designated black bear check station by the check station closing time on the date of the kill must be reported immediately by telephone to the Northern Region Office, Bureau of Law Enforcement (908) 735-8240. On the telephone message recording device, hunters must leave their name, address and a telephone number where they can be reached. The harvested black bear must be brought to a designated black bear check station on the next weekday to be registered and to receive a legal possession seal.

In the event of a season extension, check station information will be announced via the permit hotline (609) 292-9192, news release, and on Fish and Wildlife’s website NJFishandWildlife.com.

Mandatory Black Bear Check Stations

In the event of a season extension, check station information will be announced via the permit hotline (609) 292-9192, news release, and on Fish and Wildlife’s website NJFishandWildlife.com.

Hours

Segment A: 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.
Segment B: noon to 7 p.m.

Warren County

• Pequest Wildlife Management Area
  605 Pequest Road, Oxford

Morris County

• Black River Wildlife Management Area*
  (Segment A only)
  275 North Road, Chester
• Green Pond Golf Course
  765 Green Pond Rd, Rt. 513, Rockaway

Sussex County

• Flatbrook Roy WMA**
  Rt. 615 (Walpack Rd.), Sandyston
• Whittingham WMA
  148 Fredon-Springdale Rd., Newton
  * Operating Opening Day and Saturday during Segment A only.
  ** Operating all week during Segment A plus operating only on Opening Day and Saturday during Segment B.

Black Bear Game Care

As when cooking any raw meat, care must be taken to prevent exposure to disease when consuming wild game. Black bear are known to carry *Trichinella*, a parasite commonly associated with pork. States nationwide report incidents of bears infected with *Trichinella* and New Jersey is no different. A *Trichinella* infection (Trichinellosis) is a risk only if the meat is cooked improperly. To ensure bear meat is safe to eat, be sure it’s cooked to an internal temperature of 170 degrees for at least 15 seconds.

Toxoplasmosis, most commonly associated with cats, is another parasitic disease that may be transmitted to humans if meat is not handled properly. To eliminate any health risks associated with Toxoplasmosis make sure no one who may be pregnant handle raw bear meat and always cook the meat thoroughly as you would for Trichinella. If you follow these simple guidelines you can enjoy your bear meat without any concern for exposure to *Trichinella* or Toxoplasmosis.

Note: Black bear management zones are different than deer management zones. Choose carefully when purchasing a black bear permit. For the 2018 season, only zones 1–5 are open for hunting.
How Far Can Your Firearm Shoot?

12 gauge maximum distances for shot sizes:
No. 6 ................................................................. 708 feet or 236 yards
No. 0 ................................................................. 1,845 feet or 615 yards
No. 00 ............................................................... 1,895 feet or 632 yards
Slug, 1 oz .......................................................... 3,780 feet or 1,260 yards

Sporting Arms and Ammunition Manufacturers’ Institute, Inc. Safety Series,
1075 Post Road, Riverside, CT 06878

* Distances above are with barrel held at an elevated angle for maximum trajectory. Always consider the angle of your barrel when shooting.
* Never shoot at or over the crest of a hill.
* All distances are approximate and can vary depending on the shotgun’s gauge/choke and ammunition used.

New Jersey WILD OUTDOOR Expo
September 8 & 9, 2018
10 am - 5 pm daily
Colliers Mills Wildlife Management Area
Jackson Township, NJ

Fishing
Kayaking
Birding
Rock Climbing

Archery
Hunting/Trapping Instruction
Fish and Wildlife Exhibits
Outdoor Supply Flea Market

Hiking
Trap Shooting
Air Rifle Range
Camping Skills

And much more FREE family fun!

For more information, visit WildOutdoorExpo.com
**Small Game Hunting**

**Regulations in red are new this year.**

**A CURRENT AND** valid hunting license (Bow and Arrow, Firearm or All-Around Sportsman) is required to pursue any small game species. See page 26 for General Hunting Regulations. The use of dogs, unless specifically stated otherwise, is permitted to pursue any small game species, except wild turkey. Hunting for those species shown on page 57 is prohibited during the statewide Six-day Firearm (deer) Season and on the Wednesday of the Permit Shotgun (deer) Season that immediately follows the Six-day Firearm Season. For exceptions, see Coyote and Fox and Semi-wild and Commercial Preserve Hunting sections below. Sunday hunting is prohibited; see Raccoon and Opossum, page 56 plus Semi-wild and Commercial Shooting preserves for exceptions.

**Season Dates and Bag Limits:** The Small Game Hunting Seasons on page 57 lists dates, hunting hours and daily bag limits for all small game species open for hunting.

**General Small Game Hunting Methods:** Properly licensed hunters may hunt small game with shotguns or bow and arrow and limited hunting with small caliber rifles; see air gun and coyote/fox regulations. See also General Hunting Regulations, page 26.

**Shotgun:** Unless specifically stated otherwise, shotguns for small game hunting may be single or double barrel, rifled or smoothbore and not larger than 10-gauge or smaller than .410 caliber and capable of holding no more than three shells.

**Shot:** Unless specifically stated otherwise, shot size for small game hunting may be no larger than #4 fine shot.

**Bow and Arrow:** All bows must meet the requirements specified in General Hunting Regulations, page 26. For taking game birds in flight, arrows equipped with an edged head are prohibited. Flu flu arrows are required for taking game birds in flight.

**Air gun:** Air guns may be used for taking cottontail rabbit, hare and gray squirrel using ammunition not smaller than .177 caliber or larger than .22 caliber. Air gun BBs are not legal for hunting. See also Air Guns under Firearms and Missiles, page 27.

**Muzzleloading Rifles:** For limited small game rifle hunting, see below for Coyote and Fox—Special Permit Season, Squirrel—Muzzleloading Rifle Season and Woodcock for restrictions.

**Wildlife Damage:** Property owners or their agents, and occupants of dwellings that are suffering damage from coyote, fox, opossum, raccoon, skunk, squirrel, weasel or woodchuck may control them by lawful means at any time subject to local ordinances.

**Stealing Traps or Trapped Animals:** It is illegal to take, carry away or unlawfully remove or steal a trap belonging to another person that is set along, by or in public or private property, ditch, stream, pond or water in this state and which has been set for the purpose of catching any of the furbearing animals species for which a legal season is established. It is also illegal to remove, alive or dead, any animal from the trap of another person.

---

**Firearm Ammunition Legal for Hunting Coyote and Fox in New Jersey**

[Scan this QR code or visit us at NJFishandWildlife.com/coyote-foxammo.htm for a reference chart useful for coyote-fox hunting during seasons that overlap other game species.]

---

**Coyote / Fox Season**

**Dates**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dates</th>
<th>Bow Only Season: Sept. 29 – Nov. 9 (except Sundays)</th>
<th>General Season Firearm or Bow: Nov. 11 – Mar. 15 (except Sundays and Dec. 3 – 8, 12)</th>
<th>Special Permit Season: Jan. 1 – March 15 (except Sundays*)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Hours**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset</th>
<th>½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset, except 8 a.m. start on Nov. 12</th>
<th>½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Weapon Type and Projectiles Permitted**

**Rifles Prohibited** during the general season, including centerfire, rimfire and muzzleloading types.

**Muzzleloading rifle:** single-shot, single barrel no less than .17 to maximum of .22 caliber with soft point or hollow point bullets and maximum of 50 grains.

**Rimfire rifles:** From .17 to maximum of .22 caliber with soft point or hollow point bullets and maximum of 50 grains. A modern rifle magazine need not be pinned (plugged), but may be loaded with no more than three cartridges.

**Note:** Apprentice license holders prohibited from using any rifle and from nighttime hunting during the Special Permit Season.

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**Notes**

**Predator Call**

Manner: Call, hound, stalk or stand

Method: Ground, elevated or other structure

Bait: Not closer than 300 ft when hunter elevated or in other structure

Decoys: Allowed (no live decoys)

Dogs: Use prohibited

Hunter Orange: Optional

Daily Bag: Unlimited

**Predator Call**

Manner: Call, stalk or stand

Method: Ground, elevated or other structure

Bait: 300 ft when hunter elevated or in other structure

Decoys: Allowed (manual/electronic)

Dogs: Use prohibited

Hunter Orange: Optional

Daily Bag: Unlimited

---

* Hunting must cease at 11:59 p.m. Saturday evening.
CoYote and Fox, General and Special Permit Seasons

See chart on page 54 for the bow only, general and special permit season regulations for coyote and fox.

NOTE: All successful coyote hunters must report any coyote harvested to (609) 748-2058 within 24 hours. Callers must identify themselves by name, CID# and daytime phone number.

In addition to the general coyote and fox seasons described in the table on page 54, properly licensed turkey hunters may legally harvest coyotes if encountered incidental to legal turkey hunting. Turkey hunters shall not actively pursue coyotes or have coyote calls or decoys in possession. Also, properly licensed persons hunting deer during the Six-day Firearm, Permit Muzzleloader or Permit Shotgun seasons may kill coyote or fox if the coyote or fox is encountered before the hunter has taken the season bag limit of deer. However, after the hunter has taken a daily bag limit of deer, they must cease hunting immediately. Incidental hunting of coyote or fox while deer hunting may resume the following day (provided the season remains open and the season bag limit of deer has not been reached.) Only applicable projectiles approved for deer hunting may be used to take coyote and fox incidental to deer hunting during the deer seasons described above. See Firearms, Bow and Ammunition chart, page 54.

Baiting for coyote/fox is prohibited while hunting elevated in a standing tree or in a structure of any kind within 300 feet of a baited area.

Coyote and fox hunting are allowed on WMAs including all legal sporting arms listed in the table on page 54.

Further, in addition to the general Coyote and Fox seasons plus the incidental harvest of coyote or fox while deer hunting, a Special Permit Coyote and Fox Season runs concurrent with the regular small game coyote and fox season. A Fish and Wildlife-issued permit is required to hunt coyote or fox under the provisions (see table, page 54) of the Special Permit Coyote and Fox Season; as follows: A permit to hunt coyote or fox is required 1.) to hunt at night and/or 2.) to use shot sizes larger than #4 fine and up to size #3 Buck, and/or 3.) to use a rifle for coyote or fox other than incidental to deer hunting. Sunday hunting is not legal. Apprentice License holders may not hunt coyote or fox.

Special Coyote, Red and Gray Fox Hunting Permits

- A $2 permit is required to hunt coyote, red or gray fox during the special permit season from Jan. 1–March 15.
- Permits will be available at any license agent or via Fish and Wildlife’s Internet license sales site beginning on or about Dec. 3, 2018. A 2019 hunting license must be purchased prior to, or in conjunction with, the purchase of a 2019 Special Season Coyote/Fox Permit.
- For the permit application process, changes, status check and to claim your permits, see details on pages 11–12.

NOTE: See callout box on page 10 to change your lottery application or to check your permit application status online!

Pheasant

See Small Game Hunting Seasons chart, page 57 for season dates and bag limits. See exceptions page 56 for semi-wild and commercial preserve hunting.

Pheasant and Quail Stamps: Anyone aged 16 and over (except 16 year olds whose Youth License remains valid until Dec. 31 in the year they reach 16 years of age) hunting or possessing pheasant or quail on the following designated wildlife management areas shall have in possession a current and valid Pheasant and Quail Stamp (Youth Hunting licenses include pheasant and quail stamp): Assunpink, Berkshire Valley, Millville (Bevan), Black River, Clinton, Colliers Mills, Dix, Flatbrook, Glassboro, Greenwood (including Howardville), Heislerville, Tuckahoe (MacNamara), Mad Horse, Manahawkin, Manasquan River, Medford, Nantuxent, Pealee, Glassboro, Heislerville, Tuckahoe (MacNamara), Medford, Nantuxent, Pealee, Glassboro, Heislerville, Tuckahoe (MacNamara), Medford, Nantuxent, Pealee, Glassboro, Heislerville, Tuckahoe (MacNamara), Medford, Nantuxent, Pealee, Glassboro, Heislerville, Tuckahoe (MacNamara), Medford, Nantuxent, Pealee, Glassboro, Heislerville, Tuckahoe (MacNamara), Medford, Nantuxent, Pealee, Glassboro, Heislerville, Tuckahoe (MacNamara), Medford, Nantuxent, Pealee.
**Quail Season Closed**

In an effort to reverse the decline of quail in New Jersey, the statewide quail hunting season is closed except at Peaslee WMA and Greenwood Forest WMA where Fish and Wildlife will provide hunters and falconers the opportunity to hunt for quail. No person may release quail for dog training purposes on the following WMAs: Buckshutem, Dix, Egg Island, Fortescue, Millville (Bevans), Nantuxent, New Sweden and Stafford Forge. See Small Game Hunting Seasons chart, page 57 for season dates and bag limits. Exception: This statewide closure does not apply to certain semi-wild and commercial shooting preserves that were permitted to stock quail during the 2009–10 season.

**Pheasant and Quail Stocking**

Wearing a hunter orange hat is required for all firearm small game hunters on wildlife management areas stocked with pheasant or quail. Fish and Wildlife anticipates pheasant and quail releases to follow as shown in the table on page 55. However, the stocking schedule is not finalized until approved by the Fish and Game Council in October when it will be published on our website at the link below. Also, the schedule is subject to pheasant production issues and may change due to rain or emergency weather conditions. For these unplanned stocking schedule changes or other necessary adjustments, visit our website at NJFishandWildlife.com/smgame_info.htm.

Pheasants are stocked after dark, precluding interaction between Fish and Wildlife personnel and hunters or the chance of prematurely harvesting a pheasant before the season opens. New maps showing the specific field locations for every stocked wildlife management area are now available here: NJFishandWildlife.com/pheasmaps.htm.

**Ruffed Grouse**

The state’s two ruffed grouse hunting zones are delineated by Rt. 70. North of Rt. 70 the season will begin October 20, South of Rt. 70 the season will begin Nov. 10 to reduce harvest mortality of the remaining populations in the southern zone. The ruffed grouse zones are identical to those for woodcock and will provide for consistent regulations for these species that are often hunted simultaneously. See Small Game Hunting Seasons chart, page 57 for season dates and bag limits.

**Squirrel Muzzleloading Rifle Season Zones**

For a complete description of the squirrel hunting areas, scan this QR code with your mobile device or go to NJFishandWildlife.com/qr/squirrelzones.htm.

**Stocking Maps**

Scan this QR code or follow the link for maps of the pheasant and quail stocked fields for each stocked WMA. Go to NJFishandWildlife.com/pheasmaps.htm.

**Quail, Northern Bobwhite**

Northern bobwhite quail are native to the southern half of New Jersey. In recent years, quail populations have declined throughout their range including New Jersey.

**Rabbit and Hare**

The rabbit and hare hunting season will begin the last Saturday in September. The early opening date allows for hunting opportunity when rabbit populations are at their peak. Air guns may be used for taking cottontail rabbit and hare using ammunition not smaller than .177 caliber or larger than .22 caliber. See also Air Guns under Firearms and Missiles, page 27 and General Small Game Hunting Methods, page 54. See Small Game Hunting Seasons chart, page 57 for season dates and bag limits.

**Raccoon and Opossum**

See Small Game Hunting Seasons chart, page 57 for season dates and bag limits. Hours: Hunting may not begin until one hour after sunset on the opening day of the season. On all other days open during the season, the hours of hunting are one hour after sunset to one hour before sunrise.

Persons may hunt raccoon and opossum on Sunday mornings only between the hours of 12:01 a.m. and one hour before sunrise during the prescribed season.

**Hunting methods:** Portable lights are permitted. Fluorescent orange is encouraged but not required on outer clothing while hunting raccoon and opossum. A current and valid Rifle Permit is required when possessing a .22 caliber rifle while hunting raccoon and opossum. Only .22 caliber shorts are permitted. Apprentice License holder are not permitted to use rifles, obtain rifle permits or hunt at night.

**Dog Training:** Dogs may be trained during the month of September and from March 2 to May 1, inclusive. The training hours are one hour after sunset to one hour before sunrise.

**Semi-Wild and Commercial Preserve Hunting**

Hunting for pheasant, quail and partridge is allowed from Nov. 10 to March 15 on semi-wild and from Sept. 1 through May 1 on commercial shooting preserves (which also allows mallards) that are properly licensed for the taking of such species. These game birds may be hunted on Sunday only on semi-wild or commercial shooting preserve lands. Youth hunters (in possession of a valid Youth Hunting License and accompanied by a licensed, non-shooting adult) will be permitted to hunt pheasant, quail and partridge on licensed semi-wild preserves on Saturday, Nov. 3—the Youth Upland Bird Hunting Day. All game taken on semi-wild or commercial preserves must be properly tagged before being transported off the licensed property. A person may legally hunt on semi-wild or commercial preserves for game birds during deer seasons, but no shot larger than #4 fine may be used. There are no daily bag or seasonal limits for pheasant, quail, partridge or mallards taken on commercial preserves. There are no daily bag limits for pheasant, quail or partridge taken on semi-wild properties. Seasonal harvests on semi-wild properties may not exceed the number of birds to be stocked as indicated on the semi-wild permit application.

**Squirrel, Regular Season**

Air guns may be used for taking squirrel using ammunition not smaller than .177 caliber or larger than .22 caliber. See also Air Guns under Firearms and Missiles, page 27 and General Small Game Hunting Methods, page 54. See Small Game Hunting Seasons chart, page 57.
2018–19 Small Game Hunting Seasons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species (alphabetical)</th>
<th>Inclusive Dates</th>
<th>Hunting Hours</th>
<th>Daily Limits</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bobwhite (quail)</td>
<td>Closed statewide; except at Peaslee &amp; Greenwood WMAs (see Notes)</td>
<td>Sunrise to ½ hour after sunset</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>8 a.m. start on Nov. 10. Velocity limits are #44.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>At Peaslee &amp; Greenwood WMAs ONLY: Nov. 10–Dec. 1; Dec. 10, 11, and 13, 2018–Jan. 31, 2019 (except Sundays)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coyote* &amp; Fox,</td>
<td>Coyote/fox Permit required.</td>
<td></td>
<td>No limit</td>
<td>For complete details, and for when a permit is required, see Coyote and Fox, page 55.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>Coyote and Fox</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All coyote must be</td>
<td>Coyote/Fox Season</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reported within 24 hrs.</td>
<td>Special Permit Season</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firearm or Bow and Arrow:</td>
<td>Bow and Arrow only:</td>
<td>½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset</td>
<td>No limit</td>
<td>Rifle Permit required in possession when hunting with rifle (allowed only incidental to deer hunting).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sept. 29–Nov. 9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Firearm or Bow and Arrow:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nov. 10–Dec. 1; Dec. 10, 11 and 13, 2018–Mar. 15, 2019 (except Sundays)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coyote* &amp; Fox,</td>
<td>Coyote/Fox Season</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Permit Season</td>
<td>Special Permit Season</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All coyote must be</td>
<td>Special Permit Season</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reported within 24 hrs.</td>
<td>Special Permit Season</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firearm or Bow and Arrow:</td>
<td>Special Permit Season</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jan. 1–Mar. 15 (except Sundays) (permit required)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crow** (Mon., Thurs., Fri., Sat.)</td>
<td>Aug. 13–Dec. 1** and Dec. 10, 2018–Mar. 16, 2019 (See Notes)</td>
<td>Sunrise to ½ hour after sunset</td>
<td>No limit</td>
<td>8 a.m. start on Nov. 10. Maximum shot size is #4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grouse, Ruffed***</td>
<td>North of Rt. 70: Oct. 20–Dec. 1; Dec. 10, 11 and 13–31 (except Sundays).</td>
<td>Sunrise to ½ hour after sunset</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8 a.m. start on Nov. 10.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opossum, Raccoon</td>
<td>South of Rt. 70: Nov. 10–Dec. 1; Dec. 10, 11, 13–31 (except Sundays)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pheasant &amp; Partridge</td>
<td>Oct. 1–Mar. 1 (except Sunday evenings)</td>
<td>1 hour after sunset to 1 hour before sunrise</td>
<td>No limit</td>
<td>Rifle Permit required when hunting with rifle. (See Squirrel, ML Rifle Season page 58).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit, Hare &amp; Jackrabbit**</td>
<td>Partridge — 7 Pheasant — 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squirrel, Gray**</td>
<td>Sept. 29–Dec. 1; Dec. 10, 11, and 13, 2018–Feb. 23, 2019 (except Sundays)</td>
<td>Sunrise to ½ hour after sunset</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8 a.m. start on Nov. 10. Air guns are legal to harvest squirrels.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squirrel, Gray**</td>
<td>Sept. 29–Nov. 9, 2018 and Jan. 5–Feb. 23, 2019 (except Sundays)</td>
<td>Sunrise to ½ hour after sunset</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8 a.m. start on Nov. 10. Air guns are legal to harvest squirrels.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey (Fall, Either-Sex)</td>
<td>(Period N) Oct. 27 and Oct. 29–Nov. 3, 2018</td>
<td>½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset</td>
<td>1 Turkey (either sex) per permit</td>
<td>Permit required. All Turkey Hunting Areas statewide are now open to fall hunting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey (Spring Gobbler)</td>
<td>(Periods A to E) April 22–May 24, 2019</td>
<td>½ hour before sunrise to noon; starting May 13, hours are ½ hour before sunrise to sunset</td>
<td>1 Male Turkey per permit</td>
<td>Permit required. See turkey hunting regulation, page 58.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey (Spring Gobbler, Youth)</td>
<td>(Period Y) April 20–May 24, 2019</td>
<td>½ hour before sunrise to noon; starting May 13, hours are ½ hour before sunrise to sunset</td>
<td>1 Male Turkey per permit</td>
<td>Permit required. See turkey hunting regulation, page 58.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woodchuck: Bow, Rifle or Shotgun</td>
<td>Mar. 1–Sept. 26, 2018 Mar. 1–Sept. 25, 2019</td>
<td>Sunrise to ½ hour after sunset</td>
<td>No limit</td>
<td>Rifle Permit required when hunting with rifle. (See Woodchuck hunting regulations, page 26 and Woodchuck, page 58).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woodcock**</td>
<td>North of Rt. 70: Oct. 20–Nov. 3; Nov. 6–Dec. 1 South of Rt. 70: Nov. 10–Dec. 1; Dec. 13–Jan. 1</td>
<td>Sunrise to sunset</td>
<td>3 daily; 6 possession</td>
<td>HIP number required (see page 65). 8 a.m. start on Nov. 10.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth Turkey Day</td>
<td>April 20, 2019</td>
<td>½ hour before sunrise to noon</td>
<td>1 Male Wild Turkey</td>
<td>Permit required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth Upland Bird Days</td>
<td>Nov. 3 and 5–9</td>
<td>8 a.m. to sunset</td>
<td>Pheasant — 2 Quail — 4</td>
<td>Selected WMAs and licensed semi-wilds (see page 25).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

** All harvested coyotes must be reported to a regional Division Law Enforcement Office within 24 hours. Callers must identify themselves by name, CID# and daytime phone number. ** The starting time to hunt migratory birds on Nov. 10 only on those WMAs designated as Pheasant and Quail Stamp Areas shall be 8 a.m. See list of areas, page 55. **
Spring Turkey Hunting Supplement and Permit Information

Printing a separate Spring Turkey Hunting Supplement booklet has been discontinued. All regulation and permit information are contained in this turkey hunting segment of the Digest.

Turkey Hunting Permits, General
This hunting Digest contains information for both the 2018 Fall Turkey Season and 2019 Spring Turkey Season. Turkey hunting is by permit only. NOTE: For the permit application process, lottery notes, changes, status check and directions on how to claim your permits, see details on pages 11–12. See page 1 for fees.

Turkey Permits, 2018 Fall Season
The fall turkey permit lottery has been eliminated. A turkey hunting permit is still required and may be purchased at license agents or online at Fish and Wildlife’s Internet license sales site www.NJWildlifeLicense.com. Fall ‘Turkey Permits will be available on a first-come, first-served basis beginning at 10 a.m. on Monday, September 10, 2018. Permits will be available until the permit quota is reached or the season ends.

Turkey Permits, 2019 Spring Season
• Spring Turkey Permits are allocated by lottery. Hunters who apply in the lottery have a much greater chance of receiving their desired area and period choices than hunters who wait for over-the-counter sales of leftover permits.
• Application Period January 25–February 22
• Award Notifications and Permit Pickup Begins March 4. Permits must be claimed by 11:59 pm on March 25.
• All Permits awarded in the lottery will be available to claim until 11:59 on March 25. Unclaimed permits will be redistributed in the over-the-counter sale. Application fee(s) will not be refunded for unclaimed permits.
• Over-the-county sale of leftover permits: 10 a.m. MONDAY, APRIL 1, 2019 until permits sell out or the season ends, whichever occurs first.

Spring 2019 Gobbler Season Permits
Hunters are limited to filing only one application which allows for up to two permits, one in the first lottery and one in the second lottery. See pages 11–12 for instructions.

First Lottery
• Selects applicants from the Spring Season First Lottery.
• See page 59 for dates of the five turkey hunting period segments.
• The Youth Turkey Hunting Program guarantees that all applicants aged 10 to 16 (those still eligible to hunt using their Youth License) will receive their first choice permit request in the first lottery for the spring season designated as Permit Y. Youth permits are not counted in the permit season quotas. Period Y Permits are also available during the over-the-counter sales period.
• Hunters possessing a Permit to Shoot From a Standing Vehicle are guaranteed one first lottery permit only for the Spring Season. Any additional permit purchased is taken from the available permit quota and is not guaranteed. Individuals possessing a Permit to Shoot from a Standing Vehicle must apply and/or purchase their permits via their home computer or go to a web-based license agent. Verifone® agents cannot handle these requests.

Second Lottery
• Assigns unissued first lottery permits (leftover) to applicants who applied for a permit in the second lottery.
• Youth permit requests for the second lottery are not guaranteed. A youth’s second permit (or more) is valid only for the one designated hunting period A, B, C, D or E.

Consider your requests carefully! If you request the same turkey hunting area and period in both the first and second spring lotteries you could receive two permits for the identical area and period combination. Permits will not be exchanged if you receive the permits requested on your application. If you are awarded two permits in the lottery you must claim them both at the same time. You will not be able to claim only one.

Squirrel, Muzzleloading Rifle Season
Persons holding a current and valid firearm license and rifle permit may hunt for squirrels from sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset with a muzzleloading rifle (.36 caliber or smaller loaded with a single projectile) during the periods Sept. 29–Nov. 9, 2018 and Jan. 5–Feb. 23, 2019. See Small Game Hunting Seasons chart, page 57. Hunting for squirrel in the manner described above is restricted to the areas described.

Woodchuck Season

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dates</th>
<th>Weapon Type Permitted</th>
<th>Gauge, Caliber or Weight</th>
<th>Projectile(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>March 1 to Sept. 26, 2018</td>
<td>Center-fire rifle</td>
<td>.25 caliber or less</td>
<td>Hollow point, soft point or expanding lead core bullets of any weight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 1 to Sept. 25, 2019</td>
<td>Rim-fire rifle</td>
<td>Larger than .25 caliber</td>
<td>Hollow point, soft point or expanding lead core bullets of any weight not exceeding 80 grains in weight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Muzzleloading rifle: single-shot, single barrel, Flintlock, percussion and in-line ignitions permitted.</td>
<td>25 caliber or less</td>
<td>Hollow point or soft point of any weight not exceeding 50 grains in weight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bow: long, recurve, compound or crossbow</td>
<td>35 pounds pull at archers draw length (long and recurve bows) or peak weight (compound bow); 75 pounds pull for crossbow</td>
<td>Arrows must be fitted with a well-sharpened metal broadhead with a minimum width of ¾”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Shotgun: single or double barrel, rifled bore or smoothbore</td>
<td>Not larger than 10 gauge, capable of holding no more than 3 shells</td>
<td>Shot – sizes not larger than #4 fine shot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sept. 29–Dec. 1 and Dec. 10, 11, 13–31, 2018</td>
<td>Bow: long, recurve, compound or crossbow</td>
<td>35 pounds pull at archers draw length (long and recurve bows) or peak weight (compound bow); 75 pounds pull for crossbow</td>
<td>Arrows must be fitted with a well-sharpened metal broadhead with a minimum width of ¾”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan. 1–Feb. 18, 2019</td>
<td>Shotgun: single or double barrel, rifled bore or smoothbore</td>
<td>Not larger than 10 gauge, capable of holding no more than 3 shells</td>
<td>Shot – sizes not larger than #4 fine shot</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Woodchuck
All persons in possession of a rifle (including a muzzleloading rifle) while hunting woodchuck must have a current and valid rifle permit in addition to the current hunting license. Rifle hunting (of any kind) for woodchuck is prohibited on state wildlife management areas, state parks, state forests or state recreation areas. Farmers and their agents may use shot not larger than #4 buckshot to control woodchuck causing damage. Hours of hunting are sunrise to ½ hour after sunset. See chart above for woodchuck hunting details.
2019 Spring Gobbler Hunting Season Dates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hunting Period</th>
<th>Dates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Youth Turkey Hunting Day (10–16 years of age)</td>
<td>Sat., April 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunting Period Y</td>
<td>If no turkey is harvested on this youth hunt day, Period Y permits may be used in the designated zone for balance of season until a bird is harvested</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunting Period A</td>
<td>Mon., April 22–Fri., April 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunting Period B</td>
<td>Mon., April 29–Fri., May 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunting Period C</td>
<td>Mon., May 6– Fri., May 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunting Period D</td>
<td>Mon., May 13– Fri., May 17; Mon., May 20–Fri., May 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunting Period E</td>
<td>All Saturdays, April 27, May 4, May 11 and May 18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Turkey Season Dates and Hunting Hours

The 2018 fall turkey season will consist of one seven day hunting segment, N, (excluding Sunday) from Saturday, Oct. 27 through Saturday, Nov. 3, 2018. Fall hunting hours are one-half hour before sunrise until one-half hour after sunset.

Hunting hours for the spring season are one-half hour before sunrise until noon daily, except hunting hours for the last two weeks of the spring turkey season (including all of period D and the last Saturday of period E) are changed to one-half hour before sunrise to sunset. These expanded hunting hours during the last two weeks of the season allow opportunities for working and youth hunters.

Coyotes may be harvested incidentally while turkey hunting. See page 55.

Fall 2018 and Spring 2019 Turkey Hunting Regulations

- **Bag Limit:** During the fall season, turkeys of either sex may be taken. During the spring season, only male turkey may be taken; bearded hens may not be taken in the spring. During both seasons, the bag limit is one turkey per permit, but only one bird may be taken in a given day, regardless of the number of permits a hunter holds.
- **Artificial decoys may be used while turkey hunting, except the use of electronically-operated decoys is prohibited. Dogs may be used for turkey hunting only during the fall season. All hunters are required to possess a calling device while turkey hunting. The use of a hand-held decoy or a turkey tail-on-a-stick as camouflage to sneak up on a turkey is prohibited. Stalking a turkey is illegal.**

Youth Turkey Hunt Day

**April 20, 2019** (See page 25)

If no turkey is harvested on this youth hunt day, Period Y permits may be used by the youth hunter in the designated zone for the balance of the season until a bird is harvested (see page 25).

All youth turkey hunters 10 to 16 years of age must possess a valid spring turkey hunting permit in addition to their youth hunting license.

Youth hunters must be accompanied by a properly licensed, non-hunting adult age 21 or older who may not shoot on this youth day.

This season is considered an extension of the regular season permit held by the youth.

If youth hunter harvests a turkey on this youth hunting day, the “Y” Period permit is no longer valid for future hunting.

Non-hunting adults accompanying youth turkey hunters need only have in possession a valid hunting license. Spring and fall turkey hunting are by permit only. See Turkey Hunting Permits, General, page 12. For farmers, see Farmer Turkey Permits, page 30.

Stalking is Illegal

Use of a hand-held decoy or a turkey tail-on-a-stick as camouflage to sneak up on a turkey is prohibited. In New Jersey, stalking of wild turkeys is illegal, both for ethical reasons and for personal safety.
**Fall & Spring Wild Turkey Hunting**

**REGULATIONS**

- Hunting methods during the spring gobbler season are restricted to calling or stand hunting.
- The maximum group size while turkey hunting is five hunters.
- Hunters may not attempt to chase or drive turkeys for the purpose of putting them in range of other hunters. However, during the fall season only, hunters may rush a flock of turkeys to cause the flock to scatter.
- No shot larger than #4 fine shot or smaller than #7½ fine shot may be used for turkey hunting.
- Hunters may not use shotguns larger than 10-gauge or smaller than 20-gauge for turkey hunting. Shotguns must be plugged to be capable of holding no more than three shells.
- Fluorescent hunter orange is not required to hunt turkeys.
- Properly licensed hunters may use archery tackle to hunt turkeys. Bows used for turkey hunting (long, recurve, compound or crossbow) must have a minimum draw pull weight of 35 pounds at the archer’s draw length (long and recurve bow), or peak weight (compound bow), or 75 pounds minimum draw weight (crossbow). Arrows must be fitted with a well-sharpened metal broadhead with a minimum width of 3/4 inch.
- While turkey hunting, a weapon may not be in possession within 300 feet of any baited area.

**Mandatory Turkey Check Requirement**

All harvested turkeys must be tagged immediately with a completed transportation tag. A turkey must be taken by the person who killed it, on the day killed, to the nearest turkey check station where personnel will issue a legal possession tag. See page 60 for a list of official turkey check stations to locate one closest to your hunting area.

**NOTE:** During Youth Turkey Hunting Day, hunting periods A, B, C and the first three Saturdays of hunting period E, the turkey must be taken to the nearest check station by 3 p.m. During hunting period D and the last Saturday of hunting period E, the turkey must be taken to the nearest check station by 9 p.m. During the Fall Turkey Season, the turkey must be taken to the nearest check station by 7 p.m. In the event a turkey is killed too late to register at a check station, call the nearest Fish and Wildlife Law Enforcement Office (see page 41) and leave a message including your name, phone number, CID number and the Turkey Hunting Area where the bird was taken. The bird must be taken the next day. If it was butchered, bring all remaining parts (beard, head, legs, etc.) to the check station.

In the future turkey hunters will be able to report their turkeys via the Electronic License System. Once this is active, complete instructions will be available on Fish and Wildlife’s website at NJFishandWildlife.com and printed in the next hunting Digest. Subscribe to our email lists at NJFishandWildlife.com/lstsub.htm to be notified of Fish and Wildlife updates and events, including any changes to the harvest reporting system.

**Turkey Hunting Seminars**

The latest turkey hunting techniques are presented at several turkey hunting seminars sponsored by Fish and Wildlife or wildlife conservation organizations. These seminars focus on how to set up, calling techniques and key safety information for turkey hunters. New turkey hunters are especially encouraged to join us at a seminar. Check your newspaper and our website for the seminars scheduled during March or April.

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**Fall 2018 and Spring 2019 Turkey Check Stations**

**ATLANTIC**
- Butterhoф’s Farm & Home Supply, 5715 White Horse Pike, Egg Harbor City . . . . . . . . (609) 965-1198
- Ted’s Taxidermy, 713 Rt. 40, Buena . . . . . . . . (856) 697-8585

**BURLINGTON**
- Mighty Joe’s Texaco, 1231 Rt. 206 S., Shamong . . . . . . . . (609) 268-0303
- Cheyenne Mountain Outfitters, 244 Rt. 130, Bordentown . . . . . . . . (609) 570-8430

**CAPE MAY**
- Belle Plain Supply, 346 Handsville Ave., Belle Plain . . . . . . . . (609) 861-2345

**CUMBERLAND**
- Beaver Dam Boat Rentals, 514 Old Beaver Dam Rd, Newport . . . . . . . . (856) 447-3633
- Blackwater Sports, 2226 Delaware Dr., Vineland . . . . . . . . (856) 691-1571
- Greenhorn Outdoors, 1135 Shiloh Pike, Bridgeton . . . . . . . . (856) 451-0971

**GLOUCESTER**
- Sportsman’s Outpost, Fry’s Mill Rd., Williamstown . . . . . . . . (856) 881-3244
- The Bottle Barn, 65 West Broad St., Gibbstown . . . (856) 423-3608

**HUNTERDON**
- Boan’s Marine, 1296 Rt. 179, Lambertville . . . . (609) 397-3311
- The Corner Store, Rt. 12 and Rt. 519, Bapton . . (908) 996-7648
- Carousel Deli And Bakery, Rt. 179 and Werts Hom Rd., Ringoes . . . . . (908) 788-1850
- Jugtown Mountain Campsites, 1074 Rt. 173 East, Asbury . . . . . . . . (908) 735-5995

**MIDDLESEX**
- Sayreville Sportsmen, 52 Washington Ave., Sayreville . . . . (732) 238-2060
- Morgantown Game Butchers, 369 Rt. 78, Morgantown . . . . . . . (732) 620-1022
- Mount Hope Deli, 662 Mount Hope Ave., Wharton . . (973) 328-7259

**MONMOUTH**
- Morgantown Game Butchers, 369 Rt. 78, Morgantown . . . . . . . (732) 620-1022

**OCEAN**
- Animals and Gardens Unlimited, 14 Jacobstown Rd, New Egypt . . . . . (609) 752-0000
- Shooters Sporting Center, 1535 County Rt. 539, Little Egg Harbor . . (609) 294-0400

**PASSAIC**
- Tackle and Field, 81 Ringwood Ave., Wantage . . . . . . . . (973) 875-6000
- Carousel Deli And Bakery, 2760A Rt. 23N, Stockholm . . . . . (973) 238-2060
- The Corner Store, Rt. 12 and Rt. 519, Bapton . . . . (908) 996-7648
- Shooters Sporting Center, 52 Washington Ave., Sayreville . . . (732) 238-2060
- Mount Hope Deli, 662 Mount Hope Ave., Wharton . . (973) 328-7259

**SALEM**
- Salem Boat Exchange, 1163 South Broadway, Pennsville . . . . (856) 355-2515

**SOMERSET**
- Puskar’s Dairy Farm, 170 South Middlebuх Rd. Somerset . . . (732) 690-0380

**SUSSEX**
- Garden State Bow & Reel, 2760A Rt. 23N, Stockholm . . . . (973) 697-3737
- Hi-Way Sport Shop, 2265 Route 130, Westville . . . . . . . . (609) 330-7600
- Alpine Meats, Rt. 94 N., Blairstown . . . . . . . . . . . . . (908) 362-8568
- Garden State Bow & Reel, 2760A Rt. 23N, Stockholm . . . . (973) 697-3737
- Frosty’s Sport Shop, 7 Old Rudetown Rd., McAfee . . . . . . . (908) 397-3311
- Mountain View Country Store, 911 Newton-Swartswood Rd., Stillwater . . . . . . . (973) 383-5470

**WARREN**
- Alpine Meats, Rt. 94 N., Blairstown . . . . . . . . . . . . . (908) 362-8568
- Hi-Way Sport Shop, 2265 Route 130, Westville . . . . . . . . (609) 330-7600
- Alpine Meats, Rt. 94 N., Blairstown . . . . . . . . . . . . . (908) 362-8568
- Alpine Meats, Rt. 94 N., Blairstown . . . . . . . . . . . . . (908) 362-8568
- Alpine Meats, Rt. 94 N., Blairstown . . . . . . . . . . . . . (908) 362-8568
Public Turkey Hunting Land in New Jersey

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 1
- Delaware Water Gap Nat’l Recreation Area
- Flatbrook-Roy WMA
- Hainesville WMA
- Stokes State Forest

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 2
- Bear Swamp WMA
- Delaware Water Gap Nat’l Recreation Area
- Flatbrook-Roy WMA
- Paulinskill WMA
- Stokes State Forest
- Swartswood State Park
- Trout Brook WMA
- Walpack WMA
- White Lake WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 3
- Columbia WMA (partial)
- Delaware Water Gap Nat’l Recreation Area
- Worthington State Forest

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 4
- Allamuchy Mountain State Park
- Beaver Brook WMA
- Columbia WMA (partial)
- Honey Run WMA
- Jenny Jump State Forest

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 5
- Kittatinny Valley State Park
- Whittingham WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 6
- Abram Hewitt State Forest
- Hamburgh Mountain WMA
- Norvin Green State Forest
- Ramapo Mountain State Forest
- Ringwood State Park

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 7
- Berkshire Valley WMA
- Farny State Park
- Rockaway River WMA
- Sparta Mountain WMA
- Weldon Brook WMA
- Wildcat Ridge WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 8
- Buckhorn Creek WMA
- Clinton WMA
- Musconetcong River WMA
- Pequest WMA
- Pohatcong Creek WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 9
- Black River WMA
- Hacklebarney State Park
- Ken Lockwood Gorge WMA
- Musconetcong River WMA
- Pequest WMA
- Rockport WMA
- South Branch WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 10
- Black River WMA
- Lockatong WMA
- Six Mile Run Reservoir State Park (bow only)

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 11
- Assunpink WMA
- Turkey Swamp WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 12
- Brendan T. Byrne State Forest
- Colliers Mills WMA
- Double Trouble State Park
- Forked River Mountain WMA
- Greenwood Forest WMA
- Manahawkin WMA
- Manasquan WMA
- Manchester WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 13
- Medford WMA
- Pleasant Run WMA
- Whiting WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 14
- Bass River State Forest
- Bellmawr Lake WMA
- Cateskill WMA
- Darby Run WMA
- Delran WMA
- Greenwich WMA
- Mill Creek WMA
- Pansy Pond WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 15
- Wharton State Forest
- Great Egg Harbor River WMA
- Port Republic WMA
- Stafford Forge WMA
- Swan Bay WMA
- Warren Grove Recreation Area
- Wharton State Forest

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 16
- Bear Swamp WMA
- Delaware Water Gap Nat’l Recreation Area
- Flatbrook-Roy WMA
- Paulinskill WMA
- Stokes State Forest
- Swartswood State Park
- Trout Brook WMA
- Walpack WMA
- White Lake WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 17
- Columbia WMA (partial)
- Delaware Water Gap Nat’l Recreation Area
- Worthington State Forest

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 18
- Allamuchy Mountain State Park
- Beaver Brook WMA
- Columbia WMA (partial)
- Honey Run WMA
- Jenny Jump State Forest

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 19
- Kittatinny Valley State Park
- Paulinskill WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 20
- Kittatinny Valley State Park
- Paulinskill WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 21
- Kittatinny Valley State Park
- Paulinskill WMA

TURKEY HUNTING AREA 22
- Beaver Swamp WMA
- Belleplain State Forest
- Cape May Wetlands WMA
- Dennis Creek WMA
- Gibson Creek WMA
- Great Egg Harbor WMA
- Heislerville WMA
- Higbee Beach WMA
- Madepeace Lake WMA
- Maple Lake WMA
- Morahtic Ponds WMA
- Norseman WMA

INTRODUCING

QUICK-CHANGE II™
Our Innovative, Interchangeable Fixed Blade Cutlery System

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**Trapping**

**REGULATIONS**

**General Trapping**

- A trapping license is required and a Trapper Education course must be passed. See pages 1 and 8 for license information.
- All traps set or used must bear a legible tag of durable material with the name and address of the person setting, using and maintaining the traps. Trap tags with a previous Fish and Wildlife-issued trap identification number or the trapper’s Conservation Identification Number (CID#) may be used in lieu of name and address to mark each trap.
- No traps or trap stakes are to be set prior to 6:00 a.m. on the first day of any open trapping season indicated in this section.
- No trap may set cable restraint traps prior to 6 a.m. on Jan. 1 on any wildlife management area where pheasants or quail are released. Areas include Assunpink, Berkshire Valley, Bevans (Millville), Black River, Clinton, Colliers Mills, Flatbrook-Roy, Glassboro, Greenwood Forest (incl. Howellsville), Heislerville, MacNamara (Tuckahoe), Mad Horse, Manahawkin, Manasquan River, Medford, Nantuxent, Pezaze, Pequest, Port Republic, Stafford Forge, Walpack, Winslow and Whittingham WMAs. ONLY cage and foot-encapulating traps may be set on the above WMA between Nov. 15 and Dec. 31. Trapping is prohibited at all times on the Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area.
- All traps must be checked and tended at least once every 24 hours, preferably in the morning except traps set for semi-aquatic species in tidal waters only must be checked once per calendar day.
- No trap shall be permitted to remain set on any property at the close of the trapping season.
- No person shall steal or attempt to take traps of another, or remove a trapped animal without permission of the trap owner.
- Any person (including a farmer) who traps a special river otter trapping permit for an entire management zone, or a special damage control beaver permit valid as designated on the permit. River otter may only be taken by properly licensed trappers in possession of a special river otter trapping permit valid for an entire management zone.

**Beaver and River Otter**

Beaver may be taken only by properly licensed trappers in possession of a special beaver trapping permit valid for an entire management zone, or a special damage control beaver permit valid as designated on the permit. River otter may only be taken by properly licensed trappers in possession of a special river otter trapping permit valid for an entire management zone.

**Beaver and Otter Permits**

- Beaver and otter trapping are allowed by special permit only.
- Application can be made at license agents or via Fish and Wildlife's Internet license sales site www.NJWildlifeLicense.com. Applicants must have a current and valid trapping license to apply.
- Additional information—including zone maps, boundary and permit quotas descriptions—becomes available Sept. 16 on Fish and Wildlife’s website, NJFishandWildlife.com or call (609) 292-1473.
- For the permit application process, changes, status check and directions on how to claim your permits, see details on pages 11–12.
- Lottery application period: Oct. 1–31. Applicants may apply only for one beaver trapping permit and/or one otter trapping permit.
- Successful beaver permit applicants are given first opportunity for otter permits in their respective zone.
- Award Notification and Permit Pickup begins Nov. 5. Permits must be claimed by 11:59 p.m. on Monday, Dec. 3.
- All Permits awarded in the lottery will be available to claim until 11:59 p.m. on Dec. 3. Unclaimed, awarded permits will be redistributed in the over-the-counter sale. Application fee(s) for unclaimed permits will not be refunded.
- Over-the-counter sale of leftover and unclaimed permits: 10 a.m. Monday, Dec. 10. Leftover permits will be sold at all license agents and at Fish and Wildlife’s Internet license sales site at https://www.NJFishandWildlife.com. For leftover and unclaimed permit availability, see our website the afternoon of Thursday, Dec. 6.

**NOTE:** See callout box on page 10 to change your lottery application or to check your permit application status online!

Fish and Wildlife’s Director may issue Beaver Damage Control Permits to owners or lessees of any land to control beaver damage. Damage Control Permits issued during the open beaver trapping season may be awarded to applicants that did not receive a zone wide permit during the open lottery and who reside near the damage site. All beaver harvested on Damage Control Permits issued during the open season must be registered at an official beaver/otter check station. Beaver taken on Beaver Control Permits issued outside of the open beaver trapping season may not be possessed or sold by the damage permit holder.

Other beaver/otter rules and regulations:

- **Season Dates:** Dec. 26–Feb. 9
- **Bag Limits:** 8 beaver per permit; 1 otter per season.
- Recreational permit holders may use up to five traps daily per zone for beaver and up to three traps daily for otter. Damage control beaver permit holders may use up to 10 traps daily per site. Holders of both recreational and damage control permits in the same zone may use a maximum of 10 traps daily. All traps must be checked and tended at least once per every 24 hours unless in tidal waters.
- Trappers may only possess one Special River Otter Trapping Permit per season.
- All beaver and otter trap tags must be clearly visible above the water or ice.
- A Fish and Wildlife-issued Beaver Transportation Tag or Otter Transportation Tag must be affixed to the beaver or otter carcass immediately upon taking possession of the animal.
- All otters harvested incidentally by beaver trappers (i.e., trappers possessing a beaver permit but not an otter permit) must be fully surrendered to the Division of Fish and Wildlife. The entire carcass, including the pelt, must be surrendered.
- All successful trappers (or their agents) must present their beaver and/or otter pelts at a designated check station for examination where pelt tags will be affixed. All otter carcasses must be surrendered when pelts are registered, as required by the Game Code. Failure to submit your carcass will result in the issuance of a citation by the Bureau of Law Enforcement.
- Trappers are requested to properly flesh and stretch all pelts for examination. Additional information on check stations will be provided to all permit holders.
- Fish and Wildlife will staff check-in stations at the Assunpink, Clinton, Flatbrook, Tuckahoe and Winslow WMAs and the Newfoundland Fire Company (sentative) on Saturday, Feb, 23, 2019 (9 a.m.—noon). Successful trappers who cannot attend the scheduled dates should contact either Joseph Garris at (908) 735-7040 or Andrew Burnett at (609) 748-2047 prior to Feb. 15 to make alternate arrangements.
- Permit holders will be notified via email, telephone or U.S. mail in the event the beaver and otter trapping season is extended for any reason, and notified of any change in the pelt registration date.

**Bobcat and Fisher**

Bobcats are classified as Endangered in New Jersey and are widely distributed across the state’s northern counties. Fishers have returned naturally—and thanks to reintroduction efforts in NY and PA—to their historic range and have been documented in several northern and southern counties. There is no open season for either bobcat or fisher. Possession is restricted to those animals legally harvested in other U.S. states or Canadian provinces with proper documentation.

Trappers finding a bobcat on their trapline are required to report the occurrence within 24 hours by calling 1-877-WARN-DEP (1-877-927-6337), but are strongly encouraged to call IMMEDIATELY upon discovery of a bobcat (or fisher) in any trap. If the bobcat is alive, call 1-877-WARN-DEP. A Fish and Wildlife
Trapper Response Team technician will go to the site to safely release the bobcat. Data will be collected from the animal and ear tags will be inserted for future identification.

**Coyote, Fox (Red and Gray), Opossum, Raccoon, Skunk and Weasel Trapping**

- **Season Dates**: Nov. 15–Mar. 15* (Exception:isher—no open season. Call 1-877-927-6337 to report any fisher capture.)
- **Bag Limits**: No daily or seasonal bag limit for any of these species.
- Traps may not be set prior to 6 a.m. on the respective opening day.

*The following state wildlife management areas are closed to trapping with cable restraints until 6 a.m. Jan. 1: Assunpink, Berkshire Valley, Bevans (Millville), Black River, Clinton, Colliers Mills, Flatbrook-Roy, Glassboro, Greenwood Forest (incl. Howardsville tract), Heislerville, MacNamara (Tuckahoe), Mad Horse, Mana hawkin, Manasquan River, Medford, Nantuxent, Peaslee, Pequest, Port Republic, Stafford Forge, Walpack, Winslow and Whittingham. Cage and foot-encapsulating traps may be set on these WMAs beginning 6 a.m. Nov. 15. Trapping is prohibited at all times on the Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area.

**Mink, Muskrat and Nutria Trapping**

- **Season Dates**: (North Zone) Nov. 15–Mar. 15 in those portions of Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union and Warren counties lying north and west beginning at the intersection of U.S. Rt. 1 and the Delaware River at Trenton; then north along Rt. 1 to its intersection with I-287; then south along I-287 to its intersection with Rt. 440; then east along Rt. 440 to the NJ-NY state line.
- **Season Dates**: (South Zone) Dec. 1–Mar. 15 in those portions of Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Ocean and Salem counties lying south and east of the aforementioned line above.
- **Bag Limits**: No daily or seasonal bag limits for any of these species.
- Traps may not be set prior to 6 a.m. on the respective opening day. All traps set for these semi-aquatic species in tidal waters only must be checked once per calendar day. Non-tidal water sets must be checked once every 24 hours, preferably in the morning.
- Trapping is prohibited at all times on the Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area.
Traps, Body-gripping or Killer-type

No body-gripping or killer-type trap shall be used in non-tidal waters unless completely submerged underwater when the water is at the normal level. In tidal water, such traps must be completely covered at normal high tide.

It is illegal to use, set or maintain a body-gripping or killer-type trap having a jaw spread greater than 6 inches without a permit for beaver or river otter. A body-gripping or killer-type trap with a jaw spread of no more than 10 inches may be used for beaver or river otter. Jaw spread shall be measured between the inner edges of the jaws across the trigger of a set trap.

Beaver and otter trap tags must be placed above the water line and exposed to view.

Traps, Live-capture Cable Restraints

- All natural baits consisting of fish, bird or mamal carcasses or flesh used in trapping with live-capture cable restraints must be covered or concealed from view except when placed at least 30 feet from any trap set.

Live-capture cable restraints set for mink, muskrat, nutria and weasel are subject to the following requirements:

- All such traps must be constructed of aircraft cable or crucible wire measuring 1/32, 3/64 or 1/16 inches in diameter, equipped with a swivel.
- Mink, muskrat and nutria cable restraints must be set within 50 feet of the mean high water line.
- All such traps must be equipped with a stop to prevent the average loop diameter from exceeding 4 inches; and,
- All such traps must be set so that the distance between the ground/walking surface to the top of the loop does not exceed 7 inches.

Live-capture cable restraints set for coyote, fox, opossum, raccoon and skunk shall be subject to the following requirements:

- All such traps must be constructed of aircraft cable or crucible wire measuring 5/64 to 3/16 inches in diameter and be equipped with a swivel and a relaxing-type lock;
- All such traps must be equipped with a deer stop located no less than 6 inches from the beginning of the cable and a loop stop to prevent the average loop diameter from exceeding 12 inches; and,
- All such traps must be set so that the distance between the ground/walking surface to the top of the loop does not exceed 24 inches.

The above requirements for cable diameters, loop stops and loop sizes do not apply to body gripping restraining snares that are completely submerged underwater at all times (e.g., when set for beaver or river otter).

Traps, Leg-hold

It is illegal to possess or use any steel-jawed leg-hold type trap (i.e., any coil-spring or longspring trap) anywhere in New Jersey. Foot-encapsulating traps which do not fall under this trap category may be possessed and used.

Traps, Live-capture Foot Encapsulating

Enclosed or foot encapsulating (also known as enclosed foothold or dog-proof traps) traps are now legal for trapping. These traps have been specifically designed to capture species such as raccoon and opossum (which possess a degree of manual dexterity) while minimizing the capture of non-target animals especially domestic dogs and cats. Enclosed foothold traps are a live-restraint trap which do not result in the death of the captured animal or in the potential for significant injury. These traps are subject to the following requirements:

- All triggering and restraining mechanisms shall be enclosed by a housing.
- The triggering and restraining mechanism is accessible only by a single opening when the trap is set.
- The access opening does not exceed 2 inches in diameter or when measured diagonally.
- The triggering mechanism can be activated only by a pulling force.
- The trap has a swivel-mounted anchoring system.

Be a Conservation-Minded Trapper

If an accidental bobcat trapping occurs, it is mandatory that you immediately call NJ Division of Fish and Wildlife’s Trapper Response Team at (877) WARN-DEP (877-927-6337) while the bobcat is held in the trap so that we may obtain genetic samples.

For tips to avoid the accidental capture of bobcat or to prevent injury if one is trapped, scan the QR code, to the right.

Have You Seen This Cat?

New Jersey Division of Fish and Wildlife needs your help by reporting bobcat sightings so we can better understand the size, distribution and genetic structure of our bobcat population.

Contact our agency if you have observed a bobcat:

- Live and trail cam photos—Complete a brief sighting report form: www.nj.gov/dep/fgw/ensp/rprtform.htm. Data from South Jersey is of particular interest.
- Dead on the road—call 1-877-WARN-DEP (877-927-6337) to report the carcass location.
New Jersey Migratory Bird Regulations

Major Changes for the 2018–19 Season

- The pintail daily bag limit was increased to 2 birds.
- The black duck daily bag limit will remain at 2 birds, similar to last year.
- The season for woodcock will be longer than previous years since states like New Jersey with statutory Sunday hunting closures were given compensatory days by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

Waterfowl Stamps

Both the New Jersey Waterfowl Stamp Certification and Migratory Bird Hunting and Conservation Stamp (Federal Duck Stamp) are required for all waterfowl hunters 16 years and older and must be signed in ink. New Jersey Stamp Certifications are available from license agents and from the Licenses and Permits button on Fish and Wildlife’s website. Federal stamps are available from some U.S. post offices and online at www.fws.gov/birds/get-involved/duck-stamp/buy-duck-stamp.php.

Harvest Information Program (HIP)

All hunters, including Apprentice License holders, must obtain an HIP certification before hunting ducks, geese, brant, coot, woodcock, rails, snipe or gallinules. Hunters may purchase an HIP certification in three ways:

1. From a License Agent
2. Online at NJ.WildlifeLicense.com
3. By calling the toll-free NJ Telephone Sales Line at (888) 277-2015

All three methods allow hunters to go hunting immediately after registering. Online and license agent HIP certifications cost $2 while telephone HIP certifications will include a shipping/handling fee and cost $5.13. Internet HIP certifications can be printed on a home computer. Telephone HIP certifications will be received in about one week; however, hunters can begin hunting immediately by recording their HIP certification number.

HIP certification should be carried in the hunter’s license holder and are valid from Sept. 1 to April 15 the following year. Information collected for HIP is confidential and used by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service for conducting migratory bird harvest surveys.

Youth Waterfowl Hunting Days

Youth hunters must possess a valid Youth Firearms License—OR be less than 16 years of age and qualified to hunt without a license under the farmer license exemption (see page 10)—to hunt the Youth Waterfowl Hunting Days as detailed on page 24. All youth hunters must be under the direct supervision of a licensed, non-hunting adult 21 years of age or older.

Youth hunters who recover banded migratory birds are asked to report the band number to the U.S. Department of the Interior’s Bird Banding Laboratory (BBL), Washington, D.C. Banding data plays a critical role in migratory bird harvest management. There are two ways to report bands:

1. Online: reportband.gov
2. Write: to the address inscribed on the band.

Online reporting provides instant access to the original banding information including the species, sex, location, date and age of the bird at banding. Band reporters will be able to print a certificate of appreciation on their home computer which will include information about the bird which had been banded.

When contacting the BBL, be prepared to provide: band number, date the bird was recovered, exact location of the bird’s recovery as well as nearest town, and method of recovery, e.g., shot or found dead. Hunters may keep the bands.
Summary of Federal Regulations

The following is a synopsis of Federal Regulations that pertain to the hunting of migratory game birds. More information can be found at: NJFishandWildlife.com/pdf/waterfowl_federal_regs.pdf or by calling the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Law Enforcement Office at (908) 787-1321.

**No persons shall take migratory game birds:**

- By the aid of baiting, or on or over any baited area, where a person knows or reasonably should know that the area is or has been baited. Baiting means the direct or indirect placing, exposing, depositing, distributing, or scattering of salt, grain, or other feed that could serve as a lure or attraction for migratory game birds to, on, or over any areas where hunters are attempting to take them. Baited area means any area on which salt, grain, or other feed has been placed, exposed, deposited, distributed, or scattered, if that salt, grain, or other feed could serve as a lure or attraction for migratory game birds to, on, or over areas where hunters are attempting to take them. Any such area will remain a baited area for ten days following the complete removal of all such salt, grain, or other feed.
- With a trap, snare, net, rifle, pistol, swivel gun, shotgun larger than 10 gauge, punt gun, battery gun, machinegun, fish hook, poison, drug, explosive, or stupefying substance;
- With a shotgun of any description capable of holding more than three shells, unless it is plugged with a one-piece filler, incapable of removal without disassembling the gun, so its total capacity does not exceed three shells. Exceptions: In New Jersey, shotguns capable of holding not more than 7 shells are permitted during the September Canada goose season and the Light Goose Conservation Order.
- From or by means of, aid, or use of a sinkbox or any other type of low floating device, having a depression affording the hunter a means of concealment beneath the surface of the water;
- From or by means, aid, or use of any motor vehicle, motor-driven land conveyance, or aircraft of any kind, except that paraplegics and persons missing one or both legs may take from any stationary motor vehicle or stationary motor-driven land conveyance;
- From or by means of any motorboat or other craft having a motor attached, or any sailboat, unless the motor has been completely shut off and/or the sails furled, and its progress there from has ceased. Exception: crippled birds may be shot from craft under power in the Special Sea Duck Area.
- By the use or aid of live birds as decoys; although not limited to, it shall be a violation of this paragraph for any person to take migratory waterfowl on an area where tame or captive live ducks or geese are present unless such birds are and have been for a period of 10 consecutive days prior to such taking, confined within an enclosure which substantially reduces the audibility of their calls and totally conceals such birds from the sight of wild migratory waterfowl;
- By the use or aid of recorded or electrically amplified bird calls or sounds, or recorded or electrically amplified imitations of bird calls or sounds.

**Exceptions:**

- In New Jersey, hunters can use electronic calls during: crow season, September Canada goose season and the Light Goose Conservation Order.
- By means or aid of any motor driven land, water, or air conveyance, or any sailboat used for the purpose of or resulting in the concentrating, driving, rallying, or stirring up of any migratory bird.

**Tagging requirement:**—No person shall put or leave any migratory game birds at any place (other than at his personal abode), or in the custody of another person for picking, cleaning, processing, shipping, transportation, or storage (including temporary storage), or for the purpose of having taxidermy services performed, unless such birds have a tag attached, signed by the hunter, stating his address, the total number and species of birds, and the date such birds were killed. Migratory game birds being transported in any vehicle as the personal baggage of the possessor shall not be considered as being in storage or temporary storage.

**Custody of birds of another:**—No person shall receive or have in custody any migratory game birds belonging to another person unless such birds are properly tagged.

**Species identification requirement:**—No person shall transport within the United States any migratory game birds, except doves and band-tailed pigeons, unless the head or one fully feathered wing remains attached to each such bird at all times while being transported from the place where taken until they have arrived at the personal abode of the possessor or a migratory bird preservation facility.

Nontoxic Shot Regulations

In New Jersey, no person may take ducks, geese, brant, coots, rails, snipe or moorhens with possessing shot other than approved non-toxic shot which includes: steel, tungsten-iron, tungsten-polymer, tungsten-matrix, tungsten-nickel-iron, tungsten-nickel-tin, tungsten-bronze, tungsten-iron-polymer, bismuth-tin, copper-clad iron, tungsten-iron-copper-nickel, tungsten-iron-nickel, corrosion-inhibited copper shot, and tungsten-iron-bismuth shot types. Shot size may not exceed Size T (0.200 inch) for waterfowl. See www.fws.gov/birds/bird-enthusiasts/hunting/nontoxic.php for more information. For crows and woodcock, shot size may not exceed Size #4 and although lead shot is permitted, hunters are encouraged to use non-toxic shot.

Hunting Hours

See page 81 for sunrise/sunset table.

- Goose, duck, brant, coot, rail, moorhen, snipe—1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset. For example, if sunrise is 6:30 a.m. and sunset is 5:00 p.m., hunting hours for these species are 6:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
- Woodcock—sunrise to sunset.
- Crow—sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset.
- September Canada Goose and the Spring Light Goose Conservation Order—1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset.

Waterfowl Blinds

No permanent waterfowl blinds, including pit blinds, shall be constructed, hunted from or used in any manner on these WMAs:

1. Assunpink
2. Black River
3. Colliers Mills
4. Hainesville
5. Tuckahoe
6. Manahawkin
7. Stafford Forge

Any blind used on these WMAs must be portable and completely removed by day’s end. Blinds remaining on WMAs are subject to confiscation and disposal by Fish and Wildlife.
Special Regulations
Permitted During September Canada Goose Season, Sept. 1–29, 2018 Only

Special regulations designed to help curb the growth of resident population Canada geese.

1. Electronic calls are permitted.
2. Shotguns capable of holding no more than seven shells (including magazine and chamber) are permitted.
3. Hunting hours: ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset.

Remember: these special regulations apply only to the September Canada goose season.

Hunters who choose to use an unplugged gun during the September Canada goose season must remember to reinstall the magazine plug before pursuing other game species.

During all other waterfowl seasons, including duck, brant, regular and winter Canada goose, and snow goose, standard regulations apply. Standard regulations include: electronic calls prohibited, shotguns may not be capable of holding more than three shot shells and hunting hours end at sunset.

Attention Waterfowl Hunters

Special Regulations Permitted During September Canada Goose Season, Sept. 1–29, 2018 Only

Special regulations designed to help curb the growth of resident population Canada geese.

1. Electronic calls are permitted.
2. Shotguns capable of holding no more than seven shells (including magazine and chamber) are permitted.
3. Hunting hours: ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset.
4. A valid hunting license, federal and state duck stamps, HIP certification and NJ Light Goose Conservation Order (CO) Permit ($2) are required.
5. The NJ Light Goose CO Permit is available ONLY from the Division’s web site or by mailing: Light Goose Permit, NJ Division of Fish and Wildlife, MC501-03, P.O. Box 420, Trenton, NJ 08625-0420. A request for mailed permits must include:
   a) Photocopy of 2019 Hunting or All-around Sportsman license that clearly shows the Conservation ID Number and DOB
   b) Check or money order for $2 payable to NJ Division of Fish and Wildlife
   c) Self-addressed, stamped envelope
   d) Daytime telephone number

The light goose permit will not be available until January 2019. As part of the permit process, hunters will be required to report their activity and harvest as requested on the permit. Check the Division’s web site in late winter for more details.

Falconry—Special season dates and bag limits apply. Contact NJ Division of Fish and Wildlife at (908) 735-8793.

2019 Spring Light Goose Conservation Order — Feb. 16–Apr. 6, 2019

1. Electronic calls are permitted.
2. Shotguns capable of holding no more than 7 shells (including magazine and chamber) are permitted.
3. Shooting hours: ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset.
4. A valid hunting license, federal and state duck stamps, HIP certification and NJ Light Goose Conservation Order (CO) Permit ($2) are required.
5. The NJ Light Goose CO Permit is available ONLY from the Division’s web site or by mailing: Light Goose Permit, NJ Division of Fish and Wildlife, MC501-03, P.O. Box 420, Trenton, NJ 08625-0420. A request for mailed permits must include:
   a) Photocopy of 2019 Hunting or All-around Sportsman license that clearly shows the Conservation ID Number and DOB
   b) Check or money order for $2 payable to NJ Division of Fish and Wildlife
   c) Self-addressed, stamped envelope
   d) Daytime telephone number

The light goose permit will not be available until January 2019. As part of the permit process, hunters will be required to report their activity and harvest as requested on the permit. Check the Division’s web site in late winter for more details.

Falconry—Special season dates and bag limits apply. Contact NJ Division of Fish and Wildlife at (908) 735-8793.

All migratory bird closure areas are described in detail at NJFishandWildlife.com/migbirdzones.htm

e. It is unlawful for any person to leave the edible portions (defined as the breast meat) of migratory birds (excepting crows) to waste. Edible portions (see illustration, page 28) do not include meat that has been damaged by the method of taking; bones, sinew and meat reasonably lost as a result of butchering, boning, or close trimming of bones; or viscera.

land, tidal marshes, WMAs not stocked with pheasant and quail, and the tidal marsh portions of pheasant and quail stocked WMAs.
d. There shall be no open season for hunting any game birds or animals including migratory waterfowl:
   » In or on the shores of the Shark River in Monmouth County.
   » On Herring Island and that portion of Barnegat Bay lying between northern and southern tips of Herring Island easterly to adjacent shoreline of Mantoloking Boro, Ocean County.
   » On Parker Creek and Oceanport Creek, Monmouth County, or the shores thereof, southwest or upstream of the Conrail R.R. bridge.
   » On the non-tidal portions of Cox Hall Creek WMA in Cape May County.
   » In the waters or shoreline of Barnegat Inlet westward from the COLREGS Demarcation Line; to the north end of Broadway in Barnegat Light; then northwest to Red Buoy 14 in the channel (39.763783 N; 074.109283 W); then northeast to the westernmost section of rock jetty at Island Beach State Park.

f. Waterfowl hunting on Delaware River is governed by state boundaries and restricted to respective state seasons.
g. Permanent blinds may not be constructed on some state wildlife management areas.
h. Arrows with flu-flu type fletching are required for taking flying game birds. Arrows with edged heads are prohibited for taking flying game birds.

All migratory bird closure areas are described in detail at NJFishandWildlife.com/migbirdzones.htm

Attention Waterfowl Hunters

Special Regulations Permitted During September Canada Goose Season, Sept. 1–29, 2018 Only

Special regulations designed to help curb the growth of resident population Canada geese.

1. Electronic calls are permitted.
2. Shotguns capable of holding no more than seven shells (including magazine and chamber) are permitted.
3. Shooting hours: ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset.

Remember: these special regulations apply only to the September Canada goose season. Hunters who choose to use an unplugged gun during the September Canada goose season must remember to reinstall the magazine plug before pursuing other game species.

During all other waterfowl seasons, including duck, brant, regular and winter Canada goose, and snow goose, standard regulations apply. Standard regulations include: electronic calls prohibited, shotguns may not be capable of holding more than three shot shells and hunting hours end at sunset.

2019 Spring Light Goose Conservation Order — Feb. 16–Apr. 6, 2019

1. Electronic calls are permitted.
2. Shotguns capable of holding no more than 7 shells (including magazine and chamber) are permitted.
3. Shooting hours: ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset.
4. A valid hunting license, federal and state duck stamps, HIP certification and NJ Light Goose Conservation Order (CO) Permit ($2) are required.
5. The NJ Light Goose CO Permit is available ONLY from the Division’s web site or by mailing: Light Goose Permit, NJ Division of Fish and Wildlife, MC501-03, P.O. Box 420, Trenton, NJ 08625-0420. A request for mailed permits must include:
   a) Photocopy of 2019 Hunting or All-around Sportsman license that clearly shows the Conservation ID Number and DOB
   b) Check or money order for $2 payable to NJ Division of Fish and Wildlife
   c) Self-addressed, stamped envelope
   d) Daytime telephone number

The light goose permit will not be available until January 2019. As part of the permit process, hunters will be required to report their activity and harvest as requested on the permit. Check the Division’s web site in late winter for more details.

Falconry—Special season dates and bag limits apply. Contact NJ Division of Fish and Wildlife at (908) 735-8793.

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### Migratory Bird Zoned Hunting Seasons, 2018–19

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Migratory Bird Species</th>
<th>Season Dates</th>
<th>Daily Bag Limits¹</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ducks, Brant, Mergansers and Coot</td>
<td>Oct. 13–Oct. 20</td>
<td>Ducks: 6 in aggregate from Duck Limits* below; Mergansers: 5; Brant: 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nov. 10–Jan. 10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada Goose (Regular Season)</td>
<td>Nov. 10–Nov. 24</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>— Singly or in aggregate to include</td>
<td>Dec. 8–Jan. 19</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cackling and White-fronted Goose</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth Waterfowl Days</td>
<td>Oct. 6 and Feb. 2</td>
<td>Same limits for ducks, Canada goose, brant and light goose within each zone</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### South Zone

| Ducks, Brant, Mergansers and Coot | Oct. 20–Oct. 27 | Ducks: 6 in aggregate from Duck Limits* below; Mergansers: 5; Brant: 2 |
| | Nov. 17–Jan. 17 | |
| Canada Goose (Regular Season) | Nov. 17–Dec. 1 | 3 |
| — Singly or in aggregate to include | Dec. 8–Jan. 19 | |
| Cackling and White-fronted Goose | | |
| Youth Waterfowl Days | Oct. 13 and Feb. 2 | Same limits for ducks, Canada goose, brant and light goose within each zone |

### Coastal Zone

| Ducks, Brant, Mergansers and Coot | Nov. 10–Nov. 13 | Ducks: 6 in aggregate from Duck Limits* below; Mergansers: 5; Brant: 2 |
| | Nov. 22–Jan. 26 | |
| Canada Goose (Regular Season) | Nov. 10–Nov. 19 | 5 |
| — Singly or in aggregate to include | Dec. 19–Feb. 15 | Cackling and White-fronted Goose |
| Youth Waterfowl Days | Nov. 3 and Feb. 9 | Same limits for ducks, Canada goose, brant and light goose within each zone |

### Migratory Bird Statewide Hunting Seasons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Migratory Bird Species</th>
<th>Season Dates</th>
<th>Daily Bag Limits¹</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Canada Goose (September Season)²</td>
<td>Sept. 1–Sept. 29</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Goose - Regular Season³</td>
<td>Oct. 17–Feb. 15</td>
<td>25, singly or in aggregate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Goose - Conservation Order⁴</td>
<td>Feb. 16–Apr. 6</td>
<td>No limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rail (Sora, Clapper and Virginia) and Gallinule</td>
<td>Sept. 1–Nov. 21</td>
<td>Sora &amp; Virginia rail: 25 total or aggregate; Gallinule and Clapper rail: 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common Snipe</td>
<td>Sept. 15–Jan. 17</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crow</td>
<td>Aug. 13–Dec. 1; Dec. 10–Mar. 16; Mon., Thur., Fri., Sat. Only</td>
<td>No limit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Other Migratory Bird Seasons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Migratory Bird Species</th>
<th>Season Dates</th>
<th>Daily Bag Limits¹</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Woodcock - North Zone</td>
<td>Oct. 20–Nov. 3 and Nov. 6–Dec. 1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sea Ducks in Special Sea Duck Area Only⁵</td>
<td>Nov. 3–Jan. 11</td>
<td>5, but no more than 4 scoters in aggregate; 4 long-tailed ducks or 4 eiders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sea Ducks Outside Special Sea Duck Area</td>
<td>Same as ducks by zone</td>
<td>Count toward the bag limit of 6 ducks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada Goose (Special Winter Seazon Zones) — Singly or in aggregate to include Caking and White-fronted Goose</td>
<td>Jan. 21–Feb. 15</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swans, harlequin duck, king rail and mourning dove</td>
<td>Closed</td>
<td>No Season</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Possession Limits: three times the daily limit for all species during each of the corresponding seasons. Exceptions: light geese and crows have no possession limit.

² Mergansers including common, red breasted and hooded, in aggregate of which only 2 may be hooded. Merganser limits are in addition to duck limits. See Duck Limits above.

³ See special regulations only for September Canada goose hunting, page 67.

⁴ Light geese include greater and lesser snow geese and Ross’s goose.

⁵ Special Sea Duck Area: All New Jersey coastal waters seaward from the International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea (COLREGS) Demarcation Lines shown on National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Nautical Charts and further described in 33 CFR 80 Districts 1 and 5.

### Migratory Bird Zones

All migratory bird zones are described in detail at NJFishandWildlife.com/migbirdzones.htm

### Waterfowl Zones

Applies to hunting duck, coot, merganser, regular season Canada goose, brant, regular season light goose and Youth Waterfowl Days.

#### Coastal Zone

That portion of the State seaward of a line beginning at the New York State line in Raritan Bay and extending west along the New York State line to NJ 440 at Perth Amboy; west on NJ 440 to the Garden State Parkway; south on the Garden State Parkway to NJ 109; south on NJ 109 to Cape May County Rt. 633 (Lafayette St.); south on Lafayette St. to Jackson St.; south on Jackson St. to the shoreline at Cape May; west along the shoreline of Cape May beach to COLREGS Demarcation Line 80.503 at Cape May Point; south along COLREGS Demarcation Line 80.503 to the Delaware state line in Delaware Bay.

#### North Zone

That portion of the State west of the Coastal Zone and north of a line extending west from the Garden State Parkway on NJ 70 to the NJ Turnpike, north on the turnpike to U.S. 206, north on U.S. 206 to U.S. 1 at Trenton, west on U.S. 1 to the Pennsylvania State line in the Delaware River.

#### South Zone

Portion of the State not within the North Zone or the Coastal Zone.

### Special Sea Duck Zone

The area defined as all New Jersey coastal waters seaward from the International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea (COLREGS) Demarcation Lines shown on National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Nautical Charts and further described in 33 CFR 80 Districts 1 and 5.

### Woodcock Zones

#### North Zone

North Zone—North of Rt. 70 from Point Pleasant to Camden.

#### South Zone

South Zone—South of Rt. 70 from Point Pleasant to Camden.
Special Winter Canada Goose Season Hunting Areas

The two hatched areas are open to hunting. Scan this QR code with your mobile device or visit NJFishandWildlife.com/qt/migbirdzones.htm for detailed Special Winter Canada Goose Season hunting areas and all migratory bird hunting zone boundaries.

New Jersey Waterfowlers Clinic

Every year, experienced waterfowlers throughout New Jersey join together dedicating their time and energy to present the New Jersey Waterfowlers Clinic—an all day, free seminar covering “everything you ever wanted to know” about the traditions of waterfowl hunting in New Jersey. This year is no exception!

Forty years ago, the clinic began as an opportunity to introduce young people to the world of waterfowl hunting. However, with the growing interest among men and women, as well as youths, the event has been transformed into an opportunity for anyone 10 and up to spend a fun and interesting day learning about waterfowling!

Our full-day clinic covers waterfowling from A to Z, and includes bird identification, decoys, calling, guns and ammo, boats, safety, laws and ethics, do’s and don’ts, clothing and camo, and even a demonstration by working retrievers! The value of the day is priceless! It’s a unique chance to ask any question you’ve ever had about the sport—to be answered by the most experienced waterfowlers in New Jersey. Our instructors have a combined 300 years of experience!

- Free breakfast and lunch to all attending!
- Date: Sunday, Oct. 7, 2018
- Location: Tip Seaman Park, Tuckerton, NJ
- Time: 8 a.m.–3:30 p.m.

Please register in advance by calling Marty Kristiansen at (732) 977-5648 so we can plan accordingly.

We hope you’ll join us this year and share our enthusiasm for all that is waterfowling!

Fetch Your Tickets

Don’t let the next DU event pass you by. When you attend your local event, you can have a great time while helping us fill the skies with waterfowl. To find an event near you, visit ducks.org/events.